# **Material Safety Data Sheet**



# HG service engineer for washing machines and dishwashers

# 1. Product and company identification

Product name : HG service engineer for washing machines and dishwashers

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Manufacturer : HG International BV

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**Code** : 248

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Validation date : 16-1-2013.

Print date : 16-1-2013.

<u>In case of emergency</u> : +31 (0)36 54 94 777

Product type : Solid.

### 2. Hazards identification

#### **Emergency overview**

Physical state : Solid.
Color : White.

Odor : Characteristic.
Signal word : WARNING!

Hazard statements : CAUSES EYE AND SKIN IRRITATION. CONTAINS MATERIAL THAT MAY CAUSE

TARGET ORGAN DAMAGE, BASED ON ANIMAL DATA.

Precautionary measures : Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and

clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling.

OSHA/HCS status : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard

(29 CFR 1910.1200).

### Potential acute health effects

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Skin**: Severely irritating to the skin.

Eyes : Severely irritating to eyes. Risk of serious damage to eyes.

#### Potential chronic health effects

**Chronic effects** : Contains material that may cause target organ damage, based on animal data.

Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Teratogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Developmental effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Fertility effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Target organs : Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: lungs, upper

respiratory tract, skin, eye, lens or cornea, stomach.

### 2. Hazards identification

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

: No specific data. Inhalation Ingestion : No specific data.

Skin : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

> irritation redness

: Adverse symptoms may include the following: Eyes

> pain or irritation watering redness

**Medical conditions** aggravated by overexposure

: Pre-existing disorders involving any target organs mentioned in this MSDS as being at

risk may be aggravated by over-exposure to this product.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

# 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Name	CAS number	%
Sodium chloride (NaCl) sodium hydroxide Carbonic acid sodium salt (1:2)	7647-14-5 1310-73-2 497-19-8	30 - 50 20 - 30 10 - 20

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

### 4. First aid measures

**Eye contact** : Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Get medical

attention immediately.

**Skin contact** : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes

while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean

shoes thoroughly before reuse. Get medical attention immediately.

Inhalation Move exposed person to fresh air. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if

> respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Get medical attention

immediately.

Ingestion : Wash out mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical

personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical

attention immediately.

**Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may

be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

No specific treatment. Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist Notes to physician

immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

### 5. Fire-fighting measures

Flammability of the product : No specific fire or explosion hazard.

Extinguishing media

**Suitable** : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Not suitable : None known.

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if Special exposure hazards

there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable

training.

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### 5. Fire-fighting measures

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon dioxide carbon monoxide sulfur oxides

halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

 Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

### 6. Accidental release measures

**Personal precautions** 

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).

**Environmental precautions** 

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

#### Methods for cleaning up

**Small spill** 

: Move containers from spill area. Vacuum or sweep up material and place in a designated, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

: Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Vacuum or sweep up material and place in a designated, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

### 7. Handling and storage

**Handling** 

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

**Storage** 

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

### 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Ingredient	Exposure limits
sodium hydroxide	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2012). C: 2 mg/m³ NIOSH REL (United States, 6/2009). CEIL: 2 mg/m³ OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2010). TWA: 2 mg/m³ 8 hours. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). CEIL: 2 mg/m³

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### 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

# Recommended monitoring procedures

: If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

#### **Engineering measures**

: No special ventilation requirements. Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants. If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure below any recommended or statutory limits.

#### **Hygiene measures**

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.

Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

#### **Personal protection**

Respiratory

: Use a properly fitted, particulate filter respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

#### **Hands**

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

#### **Eyes**

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

#### Skin

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

# **Environmental exposure** controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

# 9. Physical and chemical properties

**Physical state** 

: Solid.

Flash point

: [Product does not sustain combustion.]

Color

: White.

Odor

Characteristic.

pН

: 14 [Conc. (% w/w): 10%]

**Relative density** 

: 1,218

**Solubility** 

: Soluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.

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### 10. Stability and reactivity

**Chemical stability** : The product is stable. **Conditions to avoid** No specific data.

Incompatible materials : No specific data.

**Hazardous decomposition** products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Possibility of hazardous

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

reactions

# 11. Toxicological information

#### **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Sodium chloride (NaCl)	LD50 Oral	Rat	3000 mg/kg	-
Carbonic acid sodium salt (1:	LD50 Oral	Rat	4090 mg/kg	-
2)				

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: Not available.

**Chronic toxicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: Not available.

**Irritation/Corrosion** 

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Sodium chloride (NaCl)	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	_	10 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
sodium hydroxide	Eyes - Severe irritant	Monkey	-	24 hours 1 Percent	-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	400 Micrograms	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 50 Micrograms	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	_	1 Percent	_
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 1 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	0,5 minutes 1 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	24 hours 2 Percent	-
	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
Carbonic acid sodium salt (1: 2)	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	0,5 minutes 100	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	milligrams 24 hours 100 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	_	50 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: Not available.

**Sensitizer** 

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

**Carcinogenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

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: Not available.

: Not available.

### 11. Toxicological information

**Mutagenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary** 

**Teratogenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary** 

**Reproductive toxicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary**: Not available.

### 12. Ecological information

**Ecotoxicity** : Readily biodegradable

**Aquatic ecotoxicity** 

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Sodium chloride (NaCl)	Acute EC50 2430000 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Navicula seminulum	96 hours
,	Acute LC50 1042 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1661 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1000000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Morone saxatilis - Larvae	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0,314 g/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia pulex	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 100 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Gambusia holbrooki - Adult	8 weeks
sodium hydroxide	Acute EC50 40,38 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 125000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Gambusia affinis - Adult	96 hours
Carbonic acid sodium salt (1:		Algae - Navicula seminulum	96 hours

**Conclusion/Summary** 

Persistence/degradability

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: Readily biodegradable

: Readily biodegradable

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

# 13. Disposal considerations

#### Waste disposal

2)

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Crustaceans - Amphipoda

Daphnia - Daphnia magna

Fish - Lepomis macrochirus

48 hours

48 hours

96 hours

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Acute LC50 176000 µg/l Fresh water

Acute LC50 265000 µg/l Fresh water

Acute LC50 300000 µg/l Fresh water

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees.

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### 14. Transport information

Regulatory information	UN number	Proper shipping name	Classes	PG*	Label	Additional information
DOT Classification	UN 3262	CORROSIVE SOLID, BASIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S. (sodium hydroxide) RQ (Sodium hydroxide)	8	II	CORROCATE	Reportable quantity 4985 lbs / 2263,2 kg Package sizes shipped in quantities less than the product reportable quantity are not subject to the RQ (reportable quantity) transportation requirements.
TDG Classification	UN 3262	CORROSIVE SOLID, BASIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S. (sodium hydroxide)	8	II		-
Mexico Classification	UN 3262	CORROSIVE SOLID, BASIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S. (sodium hydroxide)	8	II		-
ADR/RID Class	UN 3262	CORROSIVE SOLID, BASIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S. (sodium hydroxide)	8	II	•	Hazard identification number 80 Tunnel code (E)
IMDG Class	UN 3262	CORROSIVE SOLID, BASIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S. (sodium hydroxide)	8	II		-
IATA-DGR Class	UN 3262	CORROSIVE SOLID, BASIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S. (sodium hydroxide)	8	II		-

PG\* : Packing group

### 15. Regulatory information

**HCS Classification** 

Irritating material Target organ effects

**U.S. Federal regulations** 

: TSCA 8(a) IUR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined

United States inventory (TSCA 8b): Not determined.

SARA 302/304/311/312 extremely hazardous substances: No products were found. SARA 302/304 emergency planning and notification: No products were found. SARA 302/304/311/312 hazardous chemicals: Sodium chloride (NaCl); Sulfuric acid

sodium salt (1:2); sodium hydroxide; Carbonic acid sodium salt (1:2) SARA 311/312 MSDS distribution - chemical inventory - hazard identification:

Sodium chloride (NaCl): Immediate (acute) health hazard, Delayed (chronic) health hazard; Sulfuric acid sodium salt (1:2): Delayed (chronic) health hazard; sodium hydroxide: Immediate (acute) health hazard; Carbonic acid sodium salt (1:2): Immediate (acute) health hazard, Delayed (chronic) health hazard

Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: sodium hydroxide

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# 15. Regulatory information

Clean Air Act Section 112 : Not listed

(b) Hazardous Air **Pollutants (HAPs)** 

Clean Air Act Section 602

Class I Substances

: Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 602 : Not listed

Class II Substances

**DEA List I Chemicals** (Precursor Chemicals)

: Not listed

**DEA List II Chemicals** (Essential Chemicals)

: Not listed

State regulations

: The following components are listed: SODIUM SULFATE (SOLUTION); SODIUM **Massachusetts** 

HYDROXIDE

**New York** : The following components are listed: Sodium hydroxide

**New Jersey** : The following components are listed: SODIUM HYDROXIDE; CAUSTIC SODA

**Pennsylvania** : The following components are listed: SODIUM SULFATE (SOLUTION); SODIUM

HYDROXIDE (NA(OH))

Canada inventory : Not determined.

**International regulations** 

International lists : Australia inventory (AICS): Not determined.

China inventory (IECSC): Not determined.

Japan inventory: Not determined. Korea inventory: Not determined.

Malaysia Inventory (EHS Register): Not determined.

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): Not determined.

Philippines inventory (PICCS): Not determined. Taiwan inventory (CSNN): Not determined.

**Chemical Weapons** 

**Convention List Schedule** 

**I Chemicals** 

: Not listed

**Chemical Weapons** 

**Convention List Schedule** 

II Chemicals

: Not listed

**Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule** 

**III Chemicals** 

: Not listed

### 16. Other information

Label requirements

: CAUSES EYE AND SKIN IRRITATION. CONTAINS MATERIAL THAT MAY CAUSE TARGET ORGAN DAMAGE, BASED ON ANIMAL DATA.

**Hazardous Material** Information System (U.S.A.)

0 Health 0 **Flammability** 0 Physical hazards Personal protection

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### 16. Other information

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on MSDSs under 29 CFR 1910. 1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

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 : 16-1-2013.

**Date of previous issue** : No previous validation.

Version : 1

Prepared by : Not available.

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### **Notice to reader**

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

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