# **Material Safety Data Sheet**



# HG shine restoring cleaner (HG product 37)

# 1. Product and company identification

Product name : HG shine restoring cleaner (HG product 37)

Pinnacle Home Solutions LLC 8711 E Pinnacle Peak Road

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Manufacturer : HG International BV

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Code : 221

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Validation date : 16-1-2013.

Print date : 16-1-2013.

<u>In case of emergency</u> : +31 (0)36 54 94 777

Product type : Liquid.

### 2. Hazards identification

#### **Emergency overview**

Physical state : Liquid.
Color : White.
Odor : Floral.
Signal word : CAUTION!

Hazard statements : COMBUSTIBLE LIQUID AND VAPOR. MAY CAUSE EYE AND SKIN IRRITATION.

CONTAINS MATERIAL THAT CAN CAUSE TARGET ORGAN DAMAGE.

**Precautionary measures**: Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Keep away from heat and flame. Wash

thoroughly after handling.

OSHA/HCS status : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard

(29 CFR 1910.1200).

### Potential acute health effects

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin : Slightly irritating to the skin.

Eyes : Slightly irritating to the eyes.

#### Potential chronic health effects

**Chronic effects** : Contains material that can cause target organ damage.

Carcinogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Mutagenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Teratogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Developmental effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Fertility effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Target organs : Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: upper respiratory tract,

central nervous system (CNS), eye, lens or cornea.

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

### 2. Hazards identification

Inhalation: No specific data.Ingestion: No specific data.

**Skin** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

**Eyes** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation watering redness

Medical conditions aggravated by over-exposure

: Pre-existing disorders involving any target organs mentioned in this MSDS as being at risk may be aggravated by over-exposure to this product.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

# 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Name	CAS number	%
Propanol, 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)-	34590-94-8	1 - 5

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

### 4. First aid measures

Eye contact : Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Get medical

attention immediately.

Skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes

while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean

shoes thoroughly before reuse. Get medical attention immediately.

Move exposed person to fresh air. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Get medical attention

immediately.

**Ingestion**: Wash out mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical

personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical

attention immediately.

**Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may

be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

Notes to physician : No specific treatment. Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist

immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

# 5. Fire-fighting measures

Flammability of the product : Combustible liquid. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the

container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.

**Extinguishing media** 

Inhalation

**Suitable** : Use dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, water spray (fog) or foam.

Not suitable : Do not use water jet.

**Special exposure hazards** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable

training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water

spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

### 5. Fire-fighting measures

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide

carbon monoxide

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

### 6. Accidental release measures

**Personal precautions** 

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).

**Environmental precautions** 

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

#### Methods for cleaning up

**Small spill** 

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

### 7. Handling and storage

**Handling** 

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

**Storage** 

: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

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### 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Ingredient	Exposure limits
Propanol, 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)-	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2011). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 606 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 909 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
	OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 600 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 900 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
	NIOSH REL (United States, 6/2009). Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours.
	TWA: 600 mg/m³ 10 hours.
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 900 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2010). Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 600 mg/m³ 8 hours.
Pocommonded monitoring : If this product	contains ingradients with exposure limits, personal, workplace

# Recommended monitoring procedures

: If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

#### **Engineering measures**

Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

#### **Hygiene measures**

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.

Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

#### **Personal protection**

Respiratory

: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

#### Hands

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

#### **Eyes**

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

### Skin

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

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### 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Environmental exposure controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

## 9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Liquid.

Flash point : Closed cup: 75°C (167°F) [Product does not sustain combustion.]

Auto-ignition temperature : 207°C (404,6°F)

Flammable limits : Lower: 1,1%

Lipper: 14%

Upper: 14%

Color : White.
Odor : Floral.

**Boiling/condensation point** : 100°C (212°F)

Relative density : 1,01

**Evaporation rate** : 0,36 (butyl acetate = 1)

Viscosity : Dynamic (room temperature): 1034 mPa·s (1034 cP)

**Solubility** : Easily soluble in the following materials: cold water, hot water and diethyl ether.

Partially soluble in the following materials: methanol and acetone.

### 10. Stability and reactivity

Chemical stability : The product is stable.

Conditions to avoid : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld,

braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

**Incompatible materials**: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:

oxidizing materials

Hazardous decomposition

products

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should

not be produced.

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

# 11. Toxicological information

**Acute toxicity** 

Conclusion/Summary

Not available.

**Chronic toxicity** 

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Propanol, 1(or 2)- (2-methoxymethylethoxy)-	Eyes - Mild irritant	Human	-	8 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 milligrams	-

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: Not available.

Sensitizer

**Conclusion/Summary**: Not available.

Carcinogenicity

**Conclusion/Summary**: Not available.

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## 11. Toxicological information

**Mutagenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: Not available.

**Teratogenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

### 12. Ecological information

**Ecotoxicity** : Readily biodegradable

**Aquatic ecotoxicity** 

Conclusion/Summary : Readily biodegradable

Persistence/degradability

Conclusion/Summary : Readily biodegradable

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

# 13. Disposal considerations

Waste disposal

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees.

## 14. Transport information

Regulatory information	UN number	Proper shipping name	Classes	PG*	Label	Additional information
DOT Classification	Not regulated.	-	-	-		-
TDG Classification	Not regulated.	-	-	-		-
Mexico Classification	Not regulated.	-	-	-		-
ADR/RID Class	Not regulated.	-	-	-		-
IMDG Class	Not regulated.	-	-	-		-
IATA-DGR Class	Not regulated.	-	-	-		-

### 14. Transport information

PG\*: Packing group

## 15. Regulatory information

**HCS Classification** 

: Combustible liquid Target organ effects

**U.S. Federal regulations** 

TSCA 5(a)2 proposed significant new use rules: 3(2H)-Isothiazolone, 2-methyl-; 3 (2H)-Isothiazolone, 5-chloro-2-methyl-

TSCA 8(a) PAIR: Phosphoric acid, tris(2-methylpropyl) ester; Ethanol, 2-butoxy-, 1,1',1"phosphate; Propanol, 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)-

TSCA 8(a) IUR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined

TSCA 8(c) calls for record of SAR: Phosphoric acid, tris(2-methylpropyl) ester;

Ethanol, 2-butoxy-, 1,1',1"-phosphate

United States inventory (TSCA 8b): Not determined.

SARA 302/304/311/312 extremely hazardous substances: No products were found. SARA 302/304 emergency planning and notification: No products were found. SARA 302/304/311/312 hazardous chemicals: Propanol, 1(or 2)-

(2-methoxymethylethoxy)-

SARA 311/312 MSDS distribution - chemical inventory - hazard identification: Propanol, 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)-: Fire hazard, Immediate (acute) health hazard

Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: Benzene, ethenyl-

Clean Air Act Section 112 : Not listed

(b) Hazardous Air **Pollutants (HAPs)** 

Clean Air Act Section 602 : Not listed

**Class I Substances** 

Clean Air Act Section 602

**Class II Substances** 

: Not listed

**DEA List I Chemicals** 

(Precursor Chemicals)

: Not listed

**DEA List II Chemicals** 

(Essential Chemicals)

: Not listed

### State regulations

**Massachusetts** 

: The following components are listed: DIPROPYLENE GLYCOL METHYL ETHER

**New York** 

: None of the components are listed.

**New Jersey** 

: The following components are listed: DIPROPYLENE GLYCOL METHYL ETHER; (2-METHOXYMETHYLETHOXY) PROPANOL

**Pennsylvania** 

: The following components are listed: PROPANOL, (2-METHOXYMETHYLETHOXY)-

Canada inventory International regulations : Not determined.

International lists

: Australia inventory (AICS): Not determined. China inventory (IECSC): Not determined.

Japan inventory: Not determined. Korea inventory: Not determined.

Malaysia Inventory (EHS Register): Not determined.

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): Not determined.

Philippines inventory (PICCS): Not determined. Taiwan inventory (CSNN): Not determined.

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### 15. Regulatory information

Chemical Weapons

**Convention List Schedule** 

**I Chemicals** 

Chemical Weapons

**Convention List Schedule** 

**II Chemicals** 

Chemical Weapons

**Convention List Schedule** 

**III Chemicals** 

: Not listed

: Not listed

: Not listed

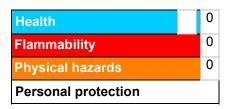
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### 16. Other information

**Label requirements** : COMBUSTIBLE LIQUID AND VAPOR. MAY CAUSE EYE AND SKIN IRRITATION.

CONTAINS MATERIAL THAT CAN CAUSE TARGET ORGAN DAMAGE.

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on MSDSs under 29 CFR 1910. 1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



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**Date of printing** : **16-1-2013**. **☐ate of issue** : 16-1-2013.

Date of previous issue : No previous validation.

Version : 1

16-1-2013.

### 16. Other information

**Prepared by** 

: Not available.

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### **Notice to reader**

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

**16-1-2013**. **9**/!