Material Safety Data Sheet

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HG marble & natural stone outdoor cleaner

1. Product and company identification

Product name : HG marble & natural stone outdoor cleaner

Pinnacle Home Solutions LLC 8711 E Pinnacle Peak Road

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Manufacturer : HG International BV

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Code : 215

1

Validation date : 16-1-2013.

Print date : 16-1-2013.

<u>In case of emergency</u> : +31 (0)36 54 94 777

Product type : Liquid.

2. Hazards identification

Emergency overview

Physical state : Liquid.

Color : Yellow. [Light]
Odor : Chlorine
Signal word : WARNING!

Hazard statements : CAUSES EYE AND SKIN IRRITATION. CONTAINS MATERIAL THAT MAY CAUSE

TARGET ORGAN DAMAGE, BASED ON ANIMAL DATA.

Precautionary measures: Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling.

OSHA/HCS status : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard

(29 CFR 1910.1200).

Potential acute health effects

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin : Severely irritating to the skin.

Eyes: Severely irritating to eyes. Risk of serious damage to eyes.

Potential chronic health effects

Chronic effects: Contains material that may cause target organ damage, based on animal data.

Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Teratogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Developmental effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Fertility effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Target organs : Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: lungs, upper

respiratory tract, skin, eye, lens or cornea.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Inhalation : No specific data.

16-1-2013.

HG marble & natural stone outdoor cleaner

2. Hazards identification

Ingestion

: No specific data.

Skin

: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

Eyes

Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering redness

Medical conditions aggravated by overexposure

: Pre-existing disorders involving any target organs mentioned in this MSDS as being at

risk may be aggravated by over-exposure to this product.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Name	CAS number	%
Sodium hypochlorite solution CI active	7681-52-9	1 - 5
sodium hydroxide	1310-73-2	1 - 5

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

4. First aid measures

Eye contact

: Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Get medical

attention immediately.

Skin contact

: In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. Get medical attention immediately.

Inhalation

Move exposed person to fresh air. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Get medical attention immediately.

Ingestion

Wash out mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention immediately.

Protection of first-aiders

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

Notes to physician

No specific treatment. Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Flammability of the product : In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.

Extinguishing media

: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Not suitable

Suitable

None known.

Special exposure hazards

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented

from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products Decomposition products may include the following materials: halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides

16-1-2013. 2/

5. Fire-fighting measures

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).

Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

Methods for cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

7. Handling and storage

Handling

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Keep away from acids. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Storage

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Separate from acids. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Ingredient	Exposure limits
Sodium hypochlorite solution CI active	AIHA WEEL (United States, 10/2011).
	STEL: 2 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
sodium hydroxide	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2012).
	C: 2 mg/m³
	NIOSH REL (United States, 6/2009).
	CEIL: 2 mg/m³
	OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2010).
	TWA: 2 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).

16-1-2013.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

CEIL: 2 mg/m³

Recommended monitoring procedures

If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

Engineering measures

: No special ventilation requirements. Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants. If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure below any recommended or statutory limits.

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.

Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Personal protection Respiratory

: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Hands

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. > 8 hours (breakthrough time): nitrile rubber

Eyes

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles. Recommended: splash goggles

Skin

 Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
 Recommended: Butyl gloves.

Environmental exposure controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Personal protective equipment (Pictograms)



16-1-2013. 4/9

9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Liquid.

Flash point : [Product does not sustain combustion.]

Color : Yellow. [Light]
Odor : Chlorine

pH : 13 to 13,5 [Conc. (% w/w): 100%]

Boiling/condensation point : 100°C (212°F)

Melting/freezing point : 0°C (32°F)

Relative density : 1,089

Solubility : Easily soluble in the following materials: hot water.

Soluble in the following materials: cold water.

10. Stability and reactivity

Chemical stability : The product may not be stable under certain conditions of storage or use. See

"Possibility of Hazardous Reactions" for further information.

Conditions to avoid : No specific data.

Incompatible materials : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:

acids

Hazardous decomposition

products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should

not be produced.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

11. Toxicological information

Acute toxicity

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

Chronic toxicity

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Sodium hypochlorite solution CI active	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	1.31 milligrams	-
Or delive	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	_	10 milligrams	_
sodium hydroxide	Eyes - Severe irritant	Monkey	-	24 hours 1 Percent	-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	400 Micrograms	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 50 Micrograms	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	_	1 Percent	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 1 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	0,5 minutes 1 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	24 hours 2 Percent	-
	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-

Conclusion/Summary

<u>Sensitizer</u>

mmary : Not available.

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

16-1-2013. *5/*9

HG marble & natural stone outdoor cleaner

11. Toxicological information

Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary

Not available.

Classification

Product/ingredient name	ACGIH	IARC	EPA	NIOSH	NTP	OSHA
Sodium hypochlorite solution CI active	-	3	-	-	-	-

Mutagenicity

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

: Readily biodegradable Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

Aquatic ecotoxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Sodium hypochlorite solution CI active	Acute EC50 46000 μg/l Marine water	Algae - Gracilaria tenuistipitata	4 days
	Acute LC50 56400 μg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio	48 hours
	Chronic NOEC 10000 μg/l Marine water	Algae - Gracilaria tenuistipitata	4 days
	Chronic NOEC 0,1 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Cyprinus carpio - Young	30 days
sodium hydroxide	Acute EC50 40,38 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 125000 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Gambusia affinis - Adult	96 hours

Conclusion/Summary

: Readily biodegradable

Persistence/degradability

Conclusion/Summary : Readily biodegradable

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

13. Disposal considerations

Waste disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees.

16-1-2013. 6/

14. Transport information

Regulatory information	UN number	Proper shipping name	Classes	PG*	Label	Additional information
DOT Classification	UN1760	CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Sodium hypochlorite solution CI active, solution) RQ (sodium hypochlorite)		III	COUNCIL	Reportable quantity 2263,1 lbs / 1027,5 kg [249,24 gal / 943,49 L] Package sizes shipped in quantities less than the product reportable quantity are not subject to the RQ (reportable quantity) transportation requirements.
TDG Classification	UN1760	CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Sodium hypochlorite solution CI active, solution)	8	III		-
Mexico Classification	UN1760	CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Sodium hypochlorite solution CI active, solution)	8	III		-
ADR/RID Class	UN1760	CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Sodium hypochlorite solution CI active, solution)	8	III	8	Hazard identification number 80 Limited quantity 5 L Tunnel code (E)
IMDG Class	UN1760	CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Sodium hypochlorite solution CI active, solution)	8	III		Emergency schedules (EmS) F-A, S-B
IATA-DGR Class	UN1760	CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Sodium hypochlorite solution CI active, solution)	8	III		-

PG*: Packing group

15. Regulatory information

HCS Classification

: Irritating material

Target organ effects

U.S. Federal regulations

: TSCA 8(a) IUR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined

United States inventory (TSCA 8b): Not determined.

SARA 302/304/311/312 extremely hazardous substances: No products were found. SARA 302/304 emergency planning and notification: No products were found. SARA 302/304/311/312 hazardous chemicals: Sodium hypochlorite solution CI active;

sodium hydroxide

SARA 311/312 MSDS distribution - chemical inventory - hazard identification: Sodium hypochlorite solution Cl active: Immediate (acute) health hazard; sodium hydroxide: Immediate (acute) health hazard

16-1-2013. 7/9

15. Regulatory information

Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: Sodium hypochlorite solution Cl active; sodium hydroxide

Clean Air Act Section 112 : Not listed

(b) Hazardous Air **Pollutants (HAPs)**

: Not listed

Class I Substances

Clean Air Act Section 602

Clean Air Act Section 602

Class II Substances

: Not listed

DEA List I Chemicals

(Precursor Chemicals)

: Not listed

DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals) : Not listed

State regulations

Massachusetts : The following components are listed: SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE; SODIUM

HYDROXIDE

New York : The following components are listed: Sodium hypochlorite; Sodium hydroxide

: The following components are listed: SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE; HYPOCHLOROUS **New Jersey**

ACID. SODIUM SALT: SODIUM HYDROXIDE: CAUSTIC SODA

The following components are listed: HYPOCHLOROUS ACID, SODIUM SALT; **Pennsylvania**

SODIUM HYDROXIDE (NA(OH))

Canada inventory

: Not determined.

International regulations

International lists : Australia inventory (AICS): Not determined.

China inventory (IECSC): Not determined.

Japan inventory: Not determined. **Korea inventory**: Not determined.

Malaysia Inventory (EHS Register): Not determined.

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): Not determined.

Philippines inventory (PICCS): Not determined. Taiwan inventory (CSNN): Not determined.

Chemical Weapons

Convention List Schedule

I Chemicals

Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule

II Chemicals

: Not listed

: Not listed

Chemical Weapons

Convention List Schedule

III Chemicals

: Not listed

16. Other information

Label requirements CAUSES EYE AND SKIN IRRITATION. CONTAINS MATERIAL THAT MAY CAUSE

TARGET ORGAN DAMAGE, BASED ON ANIMAL DATA.

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



16-1-2013. 8/ HG marble & natural stone outdoor cleaner

16. Other information

Personal protection B

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on MSDSs under 29 CFR 1910. 1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



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 : 16-1-2013.

Date of previous issue : No previous validation.

Version : '

Prepared by : Not available.

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

16-1-2013. 9/9