Material Safety Data Sheet

HG

HG laminate power cleaner (HG product 74)

1. Product and company identification

Product name : HG laminate power cleaner (HG product 74)

Pinnacle Home Solutions LLC 8711 E Pinnacle Peak Road

Scottsdale AZ 85255

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Manufacturer : HG International BV

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Code : Not available.

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 Validation date
 : 15-1-2013.

 Print date
 : 15-1-2013.

<u>In case of emergency</u> : +31 (0)36 54 94 777

Product type : Liquid.

2. Hazards identification

Emergency overview

Physical state : Liquid.

Color : White.

Odor : Odorless.

Signal word : WARNING!

Hazard statements : CAUSES EYE IRRITATION. MAY BE HARMFUL IF SWALLOWED. MAY CAUSE

SKIN IRRITATION. CONTAINS MATERIAL THAT MAY CAUSE TARGET ORGAN

DAMAGE, BASED ON ANIMAL DATA.

Precautionary measures: Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using

this product. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Wash thoroughly after

handling.

OSHA/HCS status : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard

(29 CFR 1910.1200).

Potential acute health effects

Inhalation: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Ingestion : Harmful if swallowed.

Skin : Moderately irritating to the skin.

Eyes : Severely irritating to eyes. Risk of serious damage to eyes.

Potential chronic health effects

Chronic effects : Contains material that may cause target organ damage, based on animal data.

Carcinogenicity:

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Teratogenicity:
No known significant effects or critical hazards.

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Fertility effects:
No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Target organs : Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: central nervous

system (CNS).

2. Hazards identification

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Inhalation : No specific data. Ingestion : No specific data.

Skin : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

> irritation redness

: Adverse symptoms may include the following: Eyes

> pain or irritation watering redness

Medical conditions aggravated by overexposure

: Pre-existing disorders involving any target organs mentioned in this MSDS as being at

risk may be aggravated by over-exposure to this product.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Name	CAS number	%
Ethanol, 2-(2-butoxyethoxy)-	112-34-5	5 - 10
Alcohols, C9-11, ethoxylated	68439-46-3	1 - 5
Triphosphoric acid, sodium salt (1:5)	7758-29-4	1 - 5

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

4. First aid measures

: Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water **Eye contact** for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Get medical

attention immediately.

Skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes

while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean

shoes thoroughly before reuse. Get medical attention immediately.

Move exposed person to fresh air. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if Inhalation

> respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Get medical attention

immediately.

Ingestion : Wash out mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical

personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical

attention immediately.

Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may

be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

Notes to physician No specific treatment. Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist

immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Flammability of the product : In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.

Extinguishing media

Suitable : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

: None known. Not suitable

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if Special exposure hazards

there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable

training.

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5. Fire-fighting measures

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide

carbon dioxide carbon monoxide phosphorus oxides metal oxide/oxides

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).

Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods for cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

7. Handling and storage

Handling

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Storage

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

Recommended monitoring procedures

: If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

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8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Engineering measures

: No special ventilation requirements. Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants. If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure below any recommended or statutory limits.

Hygiene measures

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.

Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Personal protection

Respiratory

: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Hands

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. > 8 hours (breakthrough time): natural rubber (latex)

Eves

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles. Recommended: safety glasses with side-shields

Skin

Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Environmental exposure controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Personal protective equipment (Pictograms)



9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Liquid.

Flash point : Closed cup: >93,3°C (>199,9°F)

Auto-ignition temperature : 204,45°C (400°F)

Color : White.
Odor : Odorless.
pH : 8 to 9

Boiling/condensation point : >100°C (>212°F) **Melting/freezing point** : 0°C (32°F)

Relative density : 1,025

Evaporation rate : 0,003 (Butylacetaat = 1)

Viscosity : Dynamic (room temperature): 157 mPa·s (157 cP)

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9. Physical and chemical properties

Solubility : Easily soluble in the following materials: cold water, hot water, methanol, diethyl ether

and acetone.

Insoluble in the following materials: n-octanol.

10. Stability and reactivity

Chemical stability : The product is stable.

Conditions to avoid : No specific data. Incompatible materials : No specific data.

Hazardous decomposition

products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should

not be produced.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

11. Toxicological information

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Ethanol, 2-(2-butoxyethoxy)-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2700 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4500 mg/kg	-
Alcohols, C9-11, ethoxylated	LD50 Oral	Rat	1378 mg/kg	-
Triphosphoric acid, sodium salt (1:5)	LD50 Oral	Rat	3120 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary

Chronic toxicity

: Not available. **Conclusion/Summary**

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Ethanol, 2-(2-butoxyethoxy)-	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20 milligrams	-
Triphosphoric acid, sodium	Eyes - Severe irritant Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit Rabbit	-	20 milligrams 24 hours 500	-
salt (1:5)				milligrams	

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

: Not available.

Sensitizer

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

Mutagenicity

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

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12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

: Readily biodegradable

Aquatic ecotoxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Ethanol, 2-(2-butoxyethoxy)-	Acute LC50 1300000 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours
Alcohols, C9-11, ethoxylated	Acute EC50 5,36 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute EC50 2686 μg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 8500 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
Triphosphoric acid, sodium salt (1:5)	Acute EC50 276,61 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours

Conclusion/Summary

: Readily biodegradable

Persistence/degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
Alcohols, C9-11, ethoxylated	OECD 301	88 % - Readily - 28 days	-	-

Conclusion/Summary

: Readily biodegradable

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

13. Disposal considerations

Waste disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees.

14. Transport information

Regulatory information	UN number	Proper shipping name	Classes	PG*	Label	Additional information
DOT Classification	Not regulated.	-	-	-		-
TDG Classification	Not regulated.	-	-	-		-
Mexico Classification	Not regulated.	-	-	-		-
ADR/RID Class	Not regulated.	-	-	-		-
IMDG Class	Not regulated.	-	-	-		-

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HG laminate power cleaner (HG product 74) 14. Transport information IATA-DGR Class Not regulated.

PG*: Packing group

15. Regulatory information

HCS Classification : Irritating material

Target organ effects

U.S. Federal regulations : TSCA 5(a)2 proposed significant new use rules: 3(2H)-Isothiazolone,

5-chloro-2-methyl-; 3(2H)-Isothiazolone, 2-methyl-

TSCA 8(a) IUR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined

United States inventory (TSCA 8b): Not determined.

SARA 302/304/311/312 extremely hazardous substances: No products were found. SARA 302/304 emergency planning and notification: No products were found. SARA 302/304/311/312 hazardous chemicals: Ethanol, 2-(2-butoxyethoxy)-;

Triphosphoric acid. sodium salt (1:5)

SARA 311/312 MSDS distribution - chemical inventory - hazard identification:

Ethanol, 2-(2-butoxyethoxy)-: Fire hazard, Immediate (acute) health hazard; Triphosphoric acid, sodium salt (1:5): Immediate (acute) health hazard Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: Triphosphoric acid, sodium salt (1:5)

Clean Air Act Section 112 : Listed

(b) Hazardous Air **Pollutants (HAPs)**

Clean Air Act Section 602

Class I Substances

Clean Air Act Section 602

Class II Substances

DEA List I Chemicals

(Precursor Chemicals)

DEA List II Chemicals

(Essential Chemicals)

Not listed

: Not listed

: Not listed

: Not listed

SARA 313

	Product name	CAS number	Concentration
Form R - Reporting requirements	Ethanol, 2-(2-butoxyethoxy)-	112-34-5	5 - 10
Supplier notification	Ethanol, 2-(2-butoxyethoxy)-	112-34-5	5 - 10

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the MSDS and any copying and redistribution of the MSDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the MSDS subsequently redistributed.

State regulations

Massachusetts : The following components are listed: TRIPHOSPHORIC ACID, PENTASODIUM SALT

New York : The following components are listed: Sodium phosphate, tribasic

New Jersey : The following components are listed: GLYCOL ETHERS

Pennsylvania : The following components are listed: GLYCOL ETHERS; TRIPHOSPHORIC ACID.

PENTASODIUM SALT

Canada inventory : Not determined.

International regulations

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15. Regulatory information

International lists

: Australia inventory (AICS): Not determined. China inventory (IECSC): Not determined.

Japan inventory: Not determined. **Korea inventory**: Not determined.

Malaysia Inventory (EHS Register): Not determined.

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): Not determined.

Philippines inventory (PICCS): Not determined. Taiwan inventory (CSNN): Not determined.

Chemical Weapons
Convention List Schedule

I Chemicals

: Not listed

Chemical Weapons
Convention List Schedule

Convention List Schedule

II Chemicals

Chemical Weapons
Convention List Schedule

III Chemicals

: Not listed

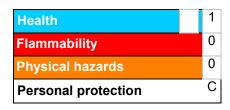
: Not listed

16. Other information

Label requirements

: CAUSES EYE IRRITATION. MAY BE HARMFUL IF SWALLOWED. MAY CAUSE SKIN IRRITATION. CONTAINS MATERIAL THAT MAY CAUSE TARGET ORGAN DAMAGE, BASED ON ANIMAL DATA.

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on MSDSs under 29 CFR 1910. 1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



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16. Other information

Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

Date of printing : **15-1-2013**. **☐ate of issue** : 15-1-2013.

Date of previous issue : No previous validation.

Version : 1

Prepared by : Not available.

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

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