

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

HG beeswax brown



## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

### 1.1 Product identifier

**Product name** : HG beeswax brown  
**Product code** : 282 ART  
**Product description** : Consumer product.  
**Product type** : Liquid.  
**Other means of identification** : Not available.

### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Not applicable.

### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

HG International BV  
Damsluitweg 70 - NL-1332 EJ - Almere - The Netherlands  
Tel.: +31 (0)36 54 94 700 - Fax: +31 (0)36 54 94 744  
Email: info@hg.eu - Internet: www.hg.eu

**e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS** : safety@hg.eu

#### National contact

HG Hagesan UK Ltd.  
Unit 2  
Lanswood Park  
Broomfield Road  
Elmstead Market  
Colchester  
Essex  
CO7 7FD  
Tel.: 0044 (0)1206 822744  
Fax: 0044 (0)1206 827019

### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

#### National advisory body/Poison Centre

**Telephone number** : **England and Wales**  
**NHS Direct: 0845 4647**

**Scotland**  
**NHS 24: 08454 24 24 24**

**Republic of Ireland**  
**01 809 2166**

#### Supplier

**Telephone number** : +31 (0)36 54 94 777  
**Hours of operation** : Mo-Fr 9.00-17.00  
**Information limitations** : Only for medical personnel.

**SECTION 2: Hazards identification****2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture****Product definition** : Mixture**Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]**

Flam. Liq. 3, H226

STOT SE 3, H336 (Narcotic effects)

Aquatic Chronic 2, H411

**Classification according to Directive 1999/45/EC [DPD]**

The product is classified as dangerous according to Directive 1999/45/EC and its amendments.

**Classification** : R10  
R66, R67  
N; R51/53**Physical/chemical hazards** : Flammable.**Human health hazards** : Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.**Environmental hazards** : Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

See Section 16 for the full text of the R phrases or H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

**2.2 Label elements****Hazard pictograms** :**Signal word** : Warning**Hazard statements** : Flammable liquid and vapour.  
May cause drowsiness or dizziness.  
Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.**Precautionary statements****General** : If medical advice is needed: Have product container or label at hand. Keep out of reach of children.**Prevention** :**Response** : Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell.**Storage** : Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.**Disposal** : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.**Hazardous ingredients** : Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy**Supplemental label elements** : Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.**Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles** : Not applicable.**Special packaging requirements****Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings** : Not applicable.**Tactile warning of danger** : Not applicable.**2.3 Other hazards****Other hazards which do not result in classification** : None known.

**SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

Substance/mixture : Mixture

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification		Type
			67/548/EEC	Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy	EC: 265-185-4 CAS: 64742-82-1	>=50 - <75	R10 Xn; R65 R66, R67 N; R51/53  <b>See Section 16 for the full text of the R-phrases declared above.</b>	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 (Narcotic effects) Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411  <b>See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.</b>	[1]

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier, are classified and contribute to the classification of the substance and hence require reporting in this section.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs or vPvBs or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Type

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

[3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

[4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

[5] Substance of equivalent concern

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

**SECTION 4: First aid measures****4.1 Description of first aid measures**

- Eye contact** : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
- Inhalation** : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician.
- Skin contact** : Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
- Ingestion** : Remove dentures if any. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

**4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed**Potential acute health effects

- Eye contact** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Inhalation** : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
- Skin contact** : Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.
- Ingestion** : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

**SECTION 4: First aid measures****Over-exposure signs/symptoms**

- Eye contact** : No specific data.
- Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
nausea or vomiting  
headache  
drowsiness/fatigue  
dizziness/vertigo  
unconsciousness
- Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
irritation  
dryness  
cracking
- Ingestion** : No specific data.

**4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed**

- Notes to physician** : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
- Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.

**SECTION 5: Firefighting measures****5.1 Extinguishing media**

- Suitable extinguishing media** : Use dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, water spray (fog) or foam.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media** : Do not use water jet.

**5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture**

- Hazards from the substance or mixture** : Flammable liquid and vapour. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
- Hazardous thermal decomposition products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials:  
carbon dioxide  
carbon monoxide

**5.3 Advice for firefighters**

- Special protective actions for fire-fighters** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
- Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

**SECTION 6: Accidental release measures****6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

- For non-emergency personnel** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

**SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

**For emergency responders** : If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

**6.2 Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

**6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up**

**Small spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

**Large spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.

**6.4 Reference to other sections** : See Section 1 for emergency contact information.  
See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.  
See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

**SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

**7.1 Precautions for safe handling**

**Protective measures** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

**Advice on general occupational hygiene** : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

**7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities**

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

**Seveso II Directive - Reporting thresholds (in tonnes)****Danger criteria**

**HG beeswax brown**

**SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

Category	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold
P5c: Flammable liquids 2 and 3 not falling under P5a or P5b	5000	50000
E2: Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic 2	200	500
C6: Flammable (R10)	5000	50000
C9ii: Toxic for the environment	200	500

**7.3 Specific end use(s)**

**Recommendations** : Not available.

**Industrial sector specific solutions** : Not available.

**SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

**8.1 Control parameters**

**Occupational exposure limits**

No exposure limit value known.

**Recommended monitoring procedures** : If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

**DNELs/DMELs**

No DNELs/DMELs available.

**PNECs**

No PNECs available

**8.2 Exposure controls**

**Appropriate engineering controls** : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

**Individual protection measures**

**Hygiene measures** : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

**Eye/face protection** : Recommended: Safety glasses.

**Skin protection**

**SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

<b>Hand protection</b>	: Hand protection: The glove material must be impermeable and resistant to the product/the substance/the preparation. Select the glove material taking account of the penetration times, the degrees of permeability and the degrading.
	Glove material The choice of a suitable glove depends on the material, but also on other quality characteristics and differs from manufacturer to manufacturer. As the product consists of several substances, the durability of the glove materials cannot be calculated in advance and therefore requires testing before use. Always ask advice from the glove manufacturer. Dirty gloves must be replaced. Personal hygiene is an essential precondition to good hand care. Only put on gloves when your hands are clean. Wash and dry your hands carefully after wearing gloves.
	Permeation time of the glove material You can ask the glove manufacturer for the exact penetration time; take this into account. If product may come into contact with hands, assuming a long contact of maximum 15 minutes, gloves of the following materials offer adequate protection according to DIN EN 374. * butyl rubber (thickness > 0.5 mm) * nitrile rubber (thickness > 0.35 mm) * polychloroprene rubber (thickness > 0.4 mm) * natural rubber (thickness > 0.5 mm) For continuous contact we recommend gloves with a breakthrough time of at least 240 minutes, with a preference for a breakthrough time of more than 480 minutes.
	Protection against splashes For short contact or splash protection, use the same gloves as for long contact. A shorter breakthrough time may be acceptable provided the gloves are replaced in time. Recommended: Latex gloves. or Nitrile gloves.
<b>Body protection</b>	: When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.
<b>Other skin protection</b>	: Not applicable
<b>Respiratory protection</b>	: Not applicable
<b>Thermal hazards</b>	: Not applicable
<b>Environmental exposure controls</b>	: Not applicable

**SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties****9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties****Appearance**

<b>Physical state</b>	: Liquid.
<b>Colour</b>	: Brown.
<b>Odour</b>	: Faint odour.
<b>Odour threshold</b>	: Not available.
<b>pH</b>	: Not available.
<b>Melting point/freezing point</b>	: 26°C
<b>Initial boiling point and boiling range</b>	: 157 to 198°C
<b>Flash point</b>	: Closed cup: 40°C
<b>Evaporation rate</b>	: Not available.
<b>Flammability (solid, gas)</b>	: Not available.
<b>Burning time</b>	: Not applicable.
<b>Burning rate</b>	: Not applicable.

**SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

<b>Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits</b>	: Lower: 0,6% Upper: 6,5%
<b>Vapour pressure</b>	: Not available.
<b>Vapour density</b>	: Not available.
<b>Relative density</b>	: Not available.
<b>Solubility(ies)</b>	: Partially soluble in the following materials: diethyl ether. Insoluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.
<b>Solubility in water</b>	: Not available.
<b>Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water</b>	: Not available.
<b>Auto-ignition temperature</b>	: 210°C
<b>Decomposition temperature</b>	: Not available.
<b>Viscosity</b>	: Dynamic (room temperature): 100 mPa·s
<b>Explosive properties</b>	: Not available.
<b>Oxidising properties</b>	: Not available.

**9.2 Other information**

No additional information.

**SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

<b>10.1 Reactivity</b>	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
<b>10.2 Chemical stability</b>	: The product is stable.
<b>10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions</b>	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
<b>10.4 Conditions to avoid</b>	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
<b>10.5 Incompatible materials</b>	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials
<b>10.6 Hazardous decomposition products</b>	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

**SECTION 11: Toxicological information****11.1 Information on toxicological effects****Acute toxicity**

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

**Acute toxicity estimates**

Not available.

**Irritation/Corrosion**

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

**Sensitisation**

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

**Mutagenicity**

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

**Carcinogenicity**

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

**Reproductive toxicity**

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.



**SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy	Category 3	Not applicable.	Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name	Result
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure : Not available.

Potential acute health effects

- Eye contact** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Inhalation** : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
- Skin contact** : Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.
- Ingestion** : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

- Eye contact** : No specific data.
- Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
nausea or vomiting  
headache  
drowsiness/fatigue  
dizziness/vertigo  
unconsciousness
- Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
irritation  
dryness  
cracking
- Ingestion** : No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

- Potential immediate effects** : Not available.
- Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

Long term exposure

- Potential immediate effects** : Not available.
- Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

**General** : Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis.

**Carcinogenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Mutagenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

- Teratogenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.  
**Developmental effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.  
**Fertility effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Other information** : Not available.

**SECTION 12: Ecological information****12.1 Toxicity**

**Conclusion/Summary** : Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

**12.2 Persistence and degradability**

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

**12.3 Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogP <sub>ow</sub>	BCF	Potential
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy	-	10 to 2500	high

**12.4 Mobility in soil**

**Soil/water partition coefficient (K<sub>oc</sub>)** : Not available.

**Mobility** : Not available.

**12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment**

**PBT** : Not applicable.

**vPvB** : Not applicable.

**12.6 Other adverse effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

**13.1 Waste treatment methods****Product**

**Methods of disposal** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.






**Hazardous waste** : The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.

**Packaging**

**Methods of disposal** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

**Special precautions** : This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

**SECTION 14: Transport information**

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
<b>14.1 UN number</b>	1300	1300	1300	1300
<b>14.2 UN proper shipping name</b>	LDT QTY, TURPENTINE SUBSTITUTE of class 3", UN 1300, PG III, (+40°C c.c.), (White Spirit, 78%, mixture) (Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy)	LDT QTY, TURPENTINE SUBSTITUTE of class 3", UN 1300, PG III, (+40°C c.c.), (White Spirit, 78%, mixture) (Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy)	LDT QTY, TURPENTINE SUBSTITUTE of class 3", UN 1300, PG III, (+40°C c.c.), (White Spirit, 78%, mixture) (Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy). Marine pollutant (Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy)	LDT QTY, TURPENTINE SUBSTITUTE of class 3", UN 1300, PG III, (+40°C c.c.), (White Spirit, 78%, mixture) (Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy)
<b>14.3 Transport hazard class(es)</b>	3 	3 	3  	3 
<b>14.4 Packing group</b>	III	III	III	III
<b>14.5 Environmental hazards</b>	No.	No.	Yes.	No.
<b>Additional information</b>	<u>Hazard identification number</u> 30	-	The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.  <u>Emergency schedules (EmS)</u> F-E, S-E	The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.

**14.6 Special precautions for user** : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

**14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code** : Not available.

**SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

**15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture**

EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

**Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles** : Not applicable.

Other EU regulations

**SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

**Europe inventory** : Not determined.

**Seveso II Directive**

This product is controlled under the Seveso II Directive.

**Danger criteria**

**Category**

P5c: Flammable liquids 2 and 3 not falling under P5a or P5b  
 E2: Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic 2  
 C6: Flammable (R10)  
 C9ii: Toxic for the environment

<b>Contains (Regulation (EC) No 648/2004)</b> :	aliphatic hydrocarbons	>30%
	aromatic hydrocarbons	5-15%
	perfumes	

**15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment** : This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still required.

**SECTION 16: Other information**

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

**Abbreviations and acronyms** : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate  
 CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008]  
 DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level  
 DNEL = Derived No Effect Level  
 EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement  
 PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic  
 PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration  
 RRN = REACH Registration Number  
 vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

**Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]**

Classification	Justification
Flam. Liq. 3, H226	Expert judgment
STOT SE 3, H336 (Narcotic effects)	Expert judgment
Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	Expert judgment

**Full text of abbreviated H statements** : H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.  
 H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.  
 H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. (Narcotic effects)  
 (Narcotic effects)  
 H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]** : Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 LONG-TERM AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2  
 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1  
 Flam. Liq. 3, H226 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3  
 STOT SE 3, H336 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3  
 (Narcotic effects)

**Full text of abbreviated R phrases** : R10- Flammable.  
 R65- Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed.  
 R66- Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.  
 R67- Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.  
 R51/53- Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

**Full text of classifications [DSD/DPD]** : Xn - Harmful  
 N - Dangerous for the environment

**Date of printing** : 2-9-2015.

**SECTION 16: Other information**

**Date of issue/ Date of revision** : 11-8-2015.

**Date of previous issue** : 14-7-2015.

**Version** : 1.02

**Notice to reader**

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.