

# SAFETY DATA SHEET



HG tile power cleaner (polish, wax and dirt remover) (HG product 19)

## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

### 1.1 Product identifier

**Product name** : HG tile power cleaner (polish, wax and dirt remover) (HG product 19)  
**Product code** : 125 ART  
**Product description** : Cleaner.  
**Product type** : Liquid.  
**Other means of identification** : Not available.

### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Not applicable.

### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

HG International BV  
Damsluisweg 70 - NL-1332 EJ - Almere - The Netherlands  
Tel.: +31 (0)36 54 94 700 - Fax: +31 (0)36 54 94 744  
Email: info@hg.eu - Internet: www.hg.eu

**e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS** : safety@hg.eu

#### National contact

HG Hagesan UK Ltd.  
Unit 2  
Lanswood Park  
Broomfield Road  
Elmstead Market  
Colchester  
Essex  
CO7 7FD  
Tel.: 0044 (0)1206 822744  
Fax: 0044 (0)1206 827019

### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

#### National advisory body/Poison Centre

**Telephone number** : **England and Wales**  
**NHS Direct: 0845 4647**

**Scotland**  
**NHS 24: 08454 24 24 24**

**Republic of Ireland**  
**01 809 2166**

#### Supplier

**Telephone number** : +31 (0)36 54 94 777  
**Hours of operation** : Mo-Fr 9.00-17.00  
**Information limitations** : Only for medical personnel.

**SECTION 2: Hazards identification****2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture**

Product definition : Mixture

**Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]**

Skin Corr. 1, H314

**Classification according to Directive 1999/45/EC [DPD]**

The product is classified as dangerous according to Directive 1999/45/EC and its amendments.

Classification : Xi; R36

Human health hazards : Irritating to eyes.

See Section 16 for the full text of the R phrases or H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

**2.2 Label elements**

Hazard pictograms :



Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

**Precautionary statements**

General : If medical advice is needed: Have product container or label at hand. Keep out of reach of children.

Prevention : Wear protective gloves and eye protection.

Response : IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Storage : Not applicable

Disposal : Not applicable

Hazardous ingredients : 2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol  
Triethanolamine  
trisodium nitrilotriacetate

Supplemental label elements : Not applicable.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles : Not applicable.

**Special packaging requirements**

Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings : Yes, applicable.

Tactile warning of danger : Yes, applicable.

**2.3 Other hazards**

Other hazards which do not result in classification : None known.

### SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification		Type
			67/548/EEC	Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	
2-(2-butoxyethoxy) ethanol	EC: 203-961-6 CAS: 112-34-5 Index: 603-096-00-8	>=20 - <25	Xi; R36	Eye Irrit. 2, H319	[1] [2]
Alcohols, C12-18, ethoxylated propoxylated	CAS: 61725-89-1	>=5 - <10	Xi; R38	Skin Irrit. 2, H315	[1]
Triethanolamine	EC: 203-049-8 CAS: 102-71-6	>=1 - <5	Xi; R36	Eye Irrit. 2, H319	[1]
trisodium nitrilotriacetate	EC: 225-768-6 CAS: 5064-31-3	<5	Carc. Cat. 3; R40 Xn; R22 Xi; R36	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Carc. 2, H351	[1]
1-methoxy-2-propanol	EC: 203-539-1 CAS: 107-98-2 Index: 603-064-00-3	<15	R10 R67	Not classified.	[2]
			<b>See Section 16 for the full text of the R-phrases declared above.</b>	<b>See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.</b>	

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier, are classified and contribute to the classification of the substance and hence require reporting in this section.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs or vPvBs or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

#### Type

- [1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard
- [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit
- [3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- [4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- [5] Substance of equivalent concern

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### SECTION 4: First aid measures

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

- Eye contact** : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.
- Inhalation** : Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
- Skin contact** : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
- Ingestion** : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

## SECTION 4: First aid measures

### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

- Eye contact** : Causes serious eye damage.
- Inhalation** : May give off gas, vapor or dust that is very irritating or corrosive to the respiratory system. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects may be delayed following exposure.
- Skin contact** : Causes severe burns.
- Ingestion** : May cause burns to mouth, throat and stomach.

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

- Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
pain  
watering  
redness
- Inhalation** : No specific data.
- Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
pain or irritation  
redness  
blistering may occur
- Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
stomach pains

### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

- Notes to physician** : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
- Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.

## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

### 5.1 Extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media** : Not applicable
- Unsuitable extinguishing media** : Not applicable

### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

- Hazards from the substance or mixture** : In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.
- Hazardous thermal decomposition products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials:  
carbon dioxide  
carbon monoxide  
nitrogen oxides  
metal oxide/oxides

### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

- Special protective actions for fire-fighters** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
- Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

**SECTION 6: Accidental release measures****6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

- For non-emergency personnel** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
- For emergency responders** : If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

**6.2 Environmental precautions**

- : Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

**6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up**

- Small spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
- Large spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.

**6.4 Reference to other sections**

- : See Section 1 for emergency contact information.  
See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.  
See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

**SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

**7.1 Precautions for safe handling**

- Protective measures** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Keep away from acids. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
- Advice on general occupational hygiene** : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

**7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities**

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Separate from acids. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

**7.3 Specific end use(s)**

- Recommendations** : Not available.

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

**Industrial sector specific solutions** : Not available.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

### 8.1 Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	<b>EU OEL (Europe, 12/2009). Notes: list of indicative occupational exposure limit values</b> STEL: 101,2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 15 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 67,5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.
1-methoxy-2-propanol	<b>EU OEL (Europe, 12/2009). Absorbed through skin. Notes: list of indicative occupational exposure limit values</b> STEL: 568 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 375 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.

**Recommended monitoring procedures** : If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

#### DNELs/DMELs

No DNELs/DMELs available.

#### PNECs

No PNECs available

### 8.2 Exposure controls

**Appropriate engineering controls** : If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapour or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

#### Individual protection measures

**Hygiene measures** : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

**Eye/face protection** : Recommended: Safety glasses.

#### Skin protection

**SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

- Hand protection** : Hand protection:  
 The glove material must be impermeable and resistant to the product/the substance/ the preparation. Select the glove material taking account of the penetration times, the degrees of permeability and the degrading.
- Glove material  
 The choice of a suitable glove depends on the material, but also on other quality characteristics and differs from manufacturer to manufacturer. As the product consists of several substances, the durability of the glove materials cannot be calculated in advance and therefore requires testing before use. Always ask advice from the glove manufacturer.  
 Dirty gloves must be replaced. Personal hygiene is an essential precondition to good hand care. Only put on gloves when your hands are clean. Wash and dry your hands carefully after wearing gloves.
- Permeation time of the glove material  
 You can ask the glove manufacturer for the exact penetration time; take this into account. If product may come into contact with hands, assuming a long contact of maximum 15 minutes, gloves of the following materials offer adequate protection according to DIN EN 374.  
 \* butyl rubber (thickness > 0.5 mm)  
 \* nitrile rubber (thickness > 0.35 mm)  
 \* polychloroprene rubber (thickness > 0.4 mm)  
 \* natural rubber (thickness > 0.5 mm)  
 For continuous contact we recommend gloves with a breakthrough time of at least 240 minutes, with a preference for a breakthrough time of more than 480 minutes.
- Protection against splashes  
 For short contact or splash protection, use the same gloves as for long contact. A shorter breakthrough time may be acceptable provided the gloves are replaced in time.  
 Recommended: Latex gloves. or Nitrile gloves.
- Body protection** : Not applicable  
**Other skin protection** : Not applicable  
**Respiratory protection** : Not applicable  
**Thermal hazards** : Not applicable  
**Environmental exposure controls** : Not applicable

**SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

**9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties**

Appearance

- Physical state** : Liquid.  
**Colour** : Colourless.  
**Odour** : Characteristic.  
**Odour threshold** : Not available.  
**pH** : 12,8  
**Melting point/freezing point** : Not available.  
**Initial boiling point and boiling range** : Not available.  
**Flash point** : Closed cup: >100°C  
**Evaporation rate** : Not available.  
**Flammability (solid, gas)** : Not available.  
**Burning time** : Not applicable.  
**Burning rate** : Not applicable.  
**Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits** : Not available.

**SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

Vapour pressure	: Not available.
Vapour density	: Not available.
Relative density	: 1,031
Solubility(ies)	: Not available.
Solubility in water	: Not available.
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	: Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not available.
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.
Viscosity	: Not available.
Explosive properties	: Not available.
Oxidising properties	: Not available.

**9.2 Other information**

No additional information.

**SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

<b>10.1 Reactivity</b>	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
<b>10.2 Chemical stability</b>	: The product is stable.
<b>10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions</b>	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
<b>10.4 Conditions to avoid</b>	: No specific data.
<b>10.5 Incompatible materials</b>	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: acids
<b>10.6 Hazardous decomposition products</b>	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

**SECTION 11: Toxicological information****11.1 Information on toxicological effects**Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2700 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4500 mg/kg	-
Triethanolamine	LD50 Oral	Rat	7,39 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1100 mg/kg	-
trisodium nitrilotriacetate	LD50 Oral	Rat	1100 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1100 mg/kg	-
1-methoxy-2-propanol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	13 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	6600 mg/kg	-

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

Acute toxicity estimates

Not available.

Irritation/Corrosion



**SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	20 milligrams	-
Triethanolamine	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	10 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	20 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	72 hours 15 milligrams Intermittent	-
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Skin - Severe irritant	Mouse	-	50 Percent	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 560 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 milligrams	-

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

**Sensitisation**

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

**Mutagenicity**

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

**Carcinogenicity**

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

**Reproductive toxicity**

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

**Teratogenicity**

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

**Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)**

Not available.

**Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)**

Not available.

**Aspiration hazard**

Not available.

**Information on the likely routes of exposure** : Not available.

**Potential acute health effects**

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye damage.

**Inhalation** : May give off gas, vapor or dust that is very irritating or corrosive to the respiratory system. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects may be delayed following exposure.

**Skin contact** : Causes severe burns.

**Ingestion** : May cause burns to mouth, throat and stomach.

**Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics**

**Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
pain  
watering  
redness

**Inhalation** : No specific data.

**Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
pain or irritation  
redness  
blistering may occur

**Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
stomach pains

**Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure**

**SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

Short term exposure

**Potential immediate effects** : Not available.

**Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

Long term exposure

**Potential immediate effects** : Not available.

**Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

**General** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Carcinogenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Mutagenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Teratogenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Developmental effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Fertility effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Other information** : Not available.

**SECTION 12: Ecological information**

**12.1 Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol Triethanolamine	Acute LC50 1300000 µg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 100000 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus Crustaceans - Crangon crangon - Adult	96 hours 48 hours
trisodium nitrilotriacetate	Acute LC50 11800000 µg/l Fresh water Chronic NOEC 16000 µg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 560000 to 1000000 µg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 252000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas Daphnia - Daphnia magna Daphnia - Daphnia magna Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours 21 days 48 hours 96 hours

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

**12.2 Persistence and degradability**

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
1-methoxy-2-propanol	OECD 301E	98 % - 28 days	-	-

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
1-methoxy-2-propanol	-	-	Readily

**12.3 Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogP <sub>ow</sub>	BCF	Potential
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	<1	-	low
Triethanolamine	-2,3	3,890451449	low
1-methoxy-2-propanol	-0,49	<100	low

**12.4 Mobility in soil**

**Soil/water partition coefficient (K<sub>oc</sub>)** : Not available.

**Mobility** : Not available.

**SECTION 12: Ecological information**

**12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment**

**PBT** : Not applicable.  
**vPvB** : Not applicable.

**12.6 Other adverse effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

**13.1 Waste treatment methods**

Product

**Methods of disposal** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.





**Hazardous waste** : The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.

Packaging

**Methods of disposal** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

**Special precautions** : This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

**SECTION 14: Transport information**

	<b>ADR/RID</b>	<b>ADN</b>	<b>IMDG</b>	<b>IATA</b>
<b>14.1 UN number</b>	1760	1760	1760	1760
<b>14.2 UN proper shipping name</b>	CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S. (sodium hydroxide)	CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S. (sodium hydroxide)	CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S. (sodium hydroxide)	CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S. (sodium hydroxide)
<b>14.3 Transport hazard class(es)</b>	8 	8 	8 	8 
<b>14.4 Packing group</b>	III	III	III	III
<b>14.5 Environmental hazards</b>	No.	No.	No.	No.
<b>Additional information</b>	<b>Tunnel code</b> (E)	-	-	-

**14.6 Special precautions for user** : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

**14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code** : Not available.

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

##### Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

##### Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

**Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles** : Not applicable.

#### Other EU regulations

**Europe inventory** : Not determined.

**Priority List Chemicals (793/93/EEC)** : Listed

Product/ingredient name	Carcinogenic effects	Mutagenic effects	Developmental effects	Fertility effects
trisodium nitrilotriacetate	Carc. 2, H351	-	-	-

#### Seveso II Directive

This product is not controlled under the Seveso II Directive.

<b>Contains (Regulation (EC) No 648/2004)</b>	non-ionic surfactants	5-15%
	NTA (nitrilotriacetic acid) and salts thereof	<5%

**Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule III Chemicals** : Listed

**15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment** : This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still required.

## SECTION 16: Other information

✔ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

**Abbreviations and acronyms** : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate  
 CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008]  
 DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level  
 DNEL = Derived No Effect Level  
 EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement  
 PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic  
 PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration  
 RRN = REACH Registration Number  
 vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

#### Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Skin Corr. 1, H314	Expert judgment

**Full text of abbreviated H statements** : H302 Harmful if swallowed.  
 H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.  
 H315 Causes skin irritation.  
 H319 Causes serious eye irritation.  
 H351 Suspected of causing cancer.

**SECTION 16: Other information**

**Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]** : Acute Tox. 4, H302 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4  
 Carc. 2, H351 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2  
 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2  
 Skin Corr. 1, H314 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1  
 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2

**Full text of abbreviated R phrases** : R10- Flammable.  
 R40- Limited evidence of a carcinogenic effect.  
 R22- Harmful if swallowed.  
 R36- Irritating to eyes.  
 R38- Irritating to skin.  
 R67- Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

**Full text of classifications [DSD/DPD]** : Carc. Cat. 3 - Carcinogen category 3  
 Xn - Harmful  
 Xi - Irritant

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**Version** : 2.02

**Notice to reader**

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.